

# YUBA-SUTTER RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR FEE ARBITRATION

(Amended March 2009, Approved by State Bar of California)

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## ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS

### **RULE 1.0. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter:

- 1.1     **ACTION:** A civil judicial proceeding brought to enforce, redress or protect a right.
- 1.2     **ADMINISTRATOR:** The staff person responsible for administering the Yuba-Sutter Bar Association's Fee Arbitration Program.
- 1.3     **AWARD:** The decision of the arbitrator or arbitrators in the fee arbitration proceeding.
- 1.4     **CLIENT:** A person who directly or through an authorized representative consults, retains or secures legal services or advice from an attorney in the attorney's professional capacity.
- 1.5     **PRESIDENT:** The President of the Yuba-Sutter Bar Association or the President's designee who is the person responsible for supervising the program's fee arbitrators and for ruling on matters as set forth in these rules.
- 1.6     **DECLARATION:** A declaration is a document in compliance with the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 2015.5, or an affidavit.
- 1.7     **FILE:** Fee arbitration records and papers in a specific fee arbitration case.
- 1.8     **HEARING PANEL:** One or three arbitrators assigned to hear the fee dispute and to issue the award.
- 1.9     **PANEL CHAIR:** Refers to either the sole arbitrator or Panel Chair of a three-member panel assigned to hear a matter. The Panel Chair is responsible for ruling on matters pertaining to the individual case assigned as set forth in these rules.
- 1.10    **PARTY:** A person who initiates or is named in an arbitration proceeding under these rules, including an attorney, a client or other person who is not the client but may be liable for payment of, or entitled to a refund of attorney's fees.
- 1.11    **PROGRAM:** Unless indicated otherwise, reference to the program means the Mandatory Fee Arbitration Program of the Yuba-Sutter Bar Association (YSBA).
- 1.12    **STATE BAR:** The State Bar of California. Unless indicated otherwise, reference to the State Bar means the State Bar's Office of Mandatory Fee Arbitration.

## ARTICLE II ARBITRATION GENERALLY

### **RULE 2.0     Arbitration Mandatory For Attorneys**

Arbitration under Business and Professions Code sections 6200-6206 is voluntary for a client, unless the parties agreed in writing to submit their fee disputes to arbitration, and mandatory for an attorney if commenced by a client.

### **RULE 3.0      Party's Failure To Respond Or Participate**

In a mandatory fee arbitration, if a party fails to respond to a request for arbitration or refuses to participate, the arbitration will proceed as scheduled and an award will be made on the basis of the evidence presented to the hearing panel. The award may include findings on the subject of a party's failure to appear at the arbitration.

### **RULE 4.0      Disputes Covered**

Disputes concerning fees, costs, or both charged for professional services by an attorney are subject to arbitration under these rules, except for:

- 3.1      disputes where the attorney is admitted to practice in another jurisdiction, or where the attorney is only admitted to practice in another jurisdiction, and he or she maintains no office in the State of California, and no material portion of the services was rendered in the State of California;
- 4.2      claims for affirmative relief against the attorney for damages or otherwise based upon alleged malpractice or professional misconduct;
- 4.3      disputes where the fees or costs to be paid by the client or on the client's behalf have been determined or are determinable pursuant to statute or court order;
- 4.4      disputes where the request for arbitration is made by a person who is not liable for or entitled to a refund of attorney's fees or costs;
- 3.5      disputes where the claim has been assigned by the client; or
- 3.6      disputes in which the attorney maintains no office in Yuba or Sutter county and in which substantial services were not performed in Yuba or Sutter county.

### **RULE 5.0      Non-Binding and Binding Arbitration**

- 5.1      Arbitration is not binding unless all parties agree in writing after the fee dispute arises. Such agreement shall be made prior to the taking of evidence at the hearing. If any party has not agreed in writing to binding arbitration, the arbitration is non-binding, and any party may request a trial after arbitration in a civil court pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6204 within 30 days after the non-binding arbitration award has been served. If a trial after arbitration is not requested, the non-binding award automatically becomes binding 30 days after the award is served, except that if any party willfully fails to appear at the hearing as provided for under these rules, that party shall not be entitled to a trial after arbitration. The decision as to whether the non-appearance was willful is made by the court. The party who failed to appear at the hearing shall have the burden of proving that the failure to appear was not willful. An award may be corrected, vacated or confirmed pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1285 et seq.
- 5.2      If all parties agree in writing, after the fee dispute arises, that the arbitration is binding, the award is binding and there can be no trial after arbitration in a civil court on the issue of fees and costs. A binding award may be corrected, vacated or confirmed pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1285 et seq.

## **RULE 6.0      Withdrawal of Binding Arbitration Election**

- 6.1 If the parties agree in writing, after the fee dispute arises, to binding arbitration, the arbitration shall proceed as binding. The parties may request binding arbitration as provided on the program forms. In the absence of a written agreement made after the fee dispute arises to submit to binding arbitration, the arbitration shall be non-binding.
- 6.2 A party who has requested binding arbitration may withdraw that request and request a change to non-binding arbitration in writing to the program and the other parties, so long as the other parties have not already agreed to binding arbitration.
- 6.3 If the party who initially requests arbitration requests that the arbitration will be binding, and the respondent party's Reply agrees to binding arbitration but also seeks to materially increase the amount in dispute, then the party who requested arbitration may withdraw his request that the arbitration be binding. Such withdrawal of consent to binding arbitration, by the initiating party, must be communicated in writing to the Program within ten days of that party's receipt of the Reply.
- 6.4 Except as provided above, if the parties have already agreed to binding arbitration, the binding election may be changed to non-binding arbitration only by written agreement signed by all parties and sent to the program.

## **RULE 7.0      Right To Counsel**

All parties, at their expense, may be represented by an attorney.

## **RULE 8.0      Waiver Of Right To Request Or Maintain Arbitration**

A client's right to request or maintain arbitration is waived if the client:

- 8.1 answers a complaint in a civil action or other equivalent response to the civil action before filing a request for arbitration, after the required form entitled "Notice of Client's Right to Arbitration" was given pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6201(a);
- 8.2 commences an action or files any pleading seeking judicial resolution of a fee or cost dispute or seeking affirmative relief against the attorney for damages or otherwise based upon alleged malpractice or professional misconduct;
- 8.3 fails to deliver to the program a request for arbitration on the approved program form that is postmarked or received on or before the 30th day from the date of the client's receipt of the form entitled "Notice of Client's Right to Arbitration" given pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6201, subdivision (a). Should the fee dispute transfer to a different fee arbitration program after the request for arbitration is filed, the original date of postmark or receipt of the arbitration request will be preserved for purposes of determining whether the request for arbitration was made within the 30-day time period.

## **RULE 9.0      Stay Of Proceedings**

If an attorney, or the attorney's assignee, commences an action to collect fees or costs in any court or other proceeding, with limited exceptions including provisional remedies, the court action or other proceeding is automatically stayed upon filing a request for fee arbitration with the Yuba-Sutter Bar Association. The party who requested fee arbitration has a duty to notify the court of the stay and attach a copy of the

arbitration request form. If the person who requested or caused the stay has not appeared in the action or other proceeding, or is not subject to the jurisdiction of the court, the plaintiff must immediately file a notice of stay and attach a copy of the arbitration request form showing that the proceeding is stayed. Upon request, the program may provide a copy of a notice of automatic stay to the party.

### **ARTICLE III PROGRAM**

#### **RULE 10.0 Determination Of Jurisdiction**

- 10.1 Where the existence of an attorney-client relationship is in dispute, the parties may stipulate to submit the issue for a determination by the program, which otherwise lacks jurisdiction to determine that issue.
- 10.2 The President may request that the parties submit written statements supporting their respective positions on the issue of whether the program has jurisdiction over their fee dispute or whether the dispute is time barred. For good cause, President may assign the matter to a hearing panel to take evidence and make a determination of whether jurisdiction should be accepted.
- 10.3 Within 15 days from service of notice of a ruling on a challenge to jurisdiction or claim that the matter is time barred, a party may file a written request for reconsideration based on new evidence. The President shall rule on the request for reconsideration.
- 10.4 There is no appeal of the President's decision following reconsideration. Any ruling on reconsideration by the local bar program is final.

#### **RULE 11.0 Jurisdiction by the Program**

The Program shall have jurisdiction over a fee dispute if a substantial portion of the legal services was performed in the Yuba or Sutter County, or at least one of the attorneys involved in the dispute has an office in Yuba or Sutter County or maintained an office in Yuba or Sutter County at the times the services were rendered.

#### **RULE 12.0 Removal to the State Bar of California**

- 12.1 If a request for arbitration has been filed with the program and a party to the arbitration requests removal to the State Bar program,
  - a) The party seeking removal from the program must submit a declaration signed under penalty of perjury asserting the factual basis for the removal. That party need not submit an additional filing fee to the State Bar until there has been a final ruling by the State Bar's Presiding Arbitrator granting removal to the State Bar.
  - b) The State Bar will serve the request for removal and supporting declaration on the other parties and the program. Any written response must be received by the State Bar within 15 days of service of the request for removal and declaration for consideration by the State Bar's Presiding Arbitrator.
  - c) The party seeking removal must provide all additional information requested by the State Bar within the time limits set by the State Bar.

d) A request for removal to the State Bar will be decided by the State Bar's Presiding Arbitrator under the applicable rules of procedure of the State Bar. Upon service of an order granting a request for removal, the party who paid the filing fee to the program shall receive a refund of the filing fee from the Program.

**12.2** The State Bar's Presiding Arbitrator shall deny a request for removal if he or she determines that:

a) The other parties to the local bar program's arbitration or the program itself would be prejudiced by removal and such prejudice outweighs the allegations by the party seeking removal that the party believes that a fair hearing through the local bar's program cannot be obtained; or

b) The conduct of the party seeking removal during the course of the arbitration proceedings before the local bar program is clearly inconsistent with a bona fide belief by that party that he or she cannot obtain a fair hearing in that forum; or

c) The party seeking removal has waived any claim that the party cannot obtain a fair hearing before the local bar's arbitration program.

**RULE 13.0 Effect Of Failure to Adhere to Time Requirements**

The program shall neither lose jurisdiction, nor shall any arbitration be dismissed nor any award invalidated or modified in any way, solely because of the program's or the hearing panel's failure to comply with time requirements as set forth in these rules.

**ARTICLE IV  
INITIATION OF ARBITRATION PROCEEDING**

**RULE 14.0 Request For Arbitration**

**14.1** Arbitration may be initiated by a client, an attorney or a third party entitled to request mandatory fee arbitration.

**14.2** An Arbitration is initiated by filing a written "Request For Arbitration of Fee Dispute" with the Program, showing service thereof on the other party, and paying the appropriate filing fee.

**14.3** The party requesting arbitration may amend the request up to 15 days after mailing it to the program, unless a request for clarification is made by the program. Thereafter, it may be amended only with the approval of the President or by the Panel Chair, if a notice of assignment of the hearing panel has been served on the parties.

**14.4** The request for arbitration may be made by (i) a person who is not the client but who may be liable for or entitled to a refund of attorney's fees or costs ("non-client"), or (ii) the attorney claiming entitlement to fees against a non-client. A fee arbitration between an attorney and a non-client is not intended to abrogate the requirement that the attorney exercise independence of professional judgment on behalf of the client or the protection of client confidences and secrets. Absent the client's written consent to disclosure of confidential information, a fee arbitration with a non-client is not intended to abrogate the attorney's duty to maintain client confidences and secrets, unless such disclosure is otherwise permitted by law. Absent the client's signature on the request for arbitration, when an arbitration with a non-client is initiated, the program will give notice of the request to the client by first class mail at the client's last known address.

### **1.15 Filing Fee**

The party requesting fee arbitration shall pay a filing fee with the request form. The joining of additional parties as petitioner or respondent shall not increase the filing fee.

The filing fee is \$100 for disputes over \$15,000  
\$50 for disputes up to \$15,000

### **RULE 16.0 Request For Filing Fee Waiver**

- 16.1** A party seeking arbitration may file with the program an application for a filing fee waiver on the Yuba or Sutter County Superior Court fee waiver application form. The person seeking waiver of the filing fee who is not a client and who may be liable for or entitled to a refund of attorney's fees identified by the client as set forth in Rule 14.3, may be required to submit a supporting documents regarding his or her own financial status to the program to support the client's application for a filing fee waiver. If the non-client party replies to the program that he or she no longer has an interest in the outcome of the arbitration, the application will proceed based on the client's supporting documents alone.
- 16.2** For good cause shown, the President may grant or deny the filing fee waiver or order a reduced fee. The order of the President shall be final.
- 16.3** The financial statement filed in support of a request for a fee waiver shall not be disclosed by the program to the other party.

### **RULE 17.0 Response To Request For Arbitration**

- 17.1** The respondent party's reply to a Request for Arbitration, together with any response, if the respondent party is an attorney, to the issue of the attorney's responsibility for any award that refunds fees or costs or both to the client, shall be submitted to the Program on its approved form within 30 days of the service of the request, unless an extension of time to reply is obtained from the program.
- 17.2** If the attorney seeks arbitration, and there is no written agreement between the parties that fee disputes be submitted to fee arbitration, arbitration shall proceed only if the client consents in writing on the approved form within 30 days of service of the request.

### **RULE 18.0 Settlement Of Disputes; Withdrawal From Arbitration**

Upon confirmation by the parties or the hearing panel if one has been assigned that the dispute has been settled, the matter shall be dismissed by the program in the absence of an assigned hearing panel, or by the panel chair if a notice of assignment of the hearing panel has been served on the parties.

a) If a party wishes to withdraw from a binding arbitration and the matter has not been settled, all other parties must agree to the matter being withdrawn.

b) If there is a written agreement between the parties requiring arbitration of the fee dispute through the YSBA Fee Arbitration Program, all other parties must consent to a request for withdrawal before the proceeding is dismissed.



c) If arbitration has been requested by the attorney, the matter may only be dismissed with the agreement of the other parties.

d) In all other cases, the party who requested arbitration may withdraw from the arbitration proceeding without the consent of other parties at any time before evidence is taken.

#### **RULE 19.0 Consolidations**

A party may request, in writing, that two or more arbitration matters be consolidated for hearing. The Program will serve the other party with a copy of the request. A written reply may be filed with the program within 15 days of service of the request for consolidation. The President shall rule on all written requests to consolidate. The order of the President shall be final. Consolidation will not result in a refund of filing fees paid or reduction of filing fees owed to the Program.

If a client requests fee arbitration against an attorney who is already a party in a non-client fee arbitration relating to the client's matter or joins a fee arbitration as a party in a fee dispute between the client's attorney and a non-client, consolidation of the arbitration matters is automatic absent a showing of good cause to the contrary.

### **ARTICLE V PANELS**

#### **RULE 20.0 Appointment Of Panel**

20.1 For each dispute, the Program shall assign a hearing panel from the program's roster of fee arbitrators. A hearing panel shall consist of one attorney arbitrator if the amount in dispute is \$15,000 or less and three arbitrators if the amount in dispute is over \$15,000, one of which shall be a non-lawyer. If the amount in dispute is more than \$15,000, the parties may agree, in writing, to have the matter heard by a single attorney arbitrator.

20.2 Upon the client's request, the program shall assign a sole arbitrator, or in the case of a three person panel, one of the attorney arbitrators, whose area of practice is civil or criminal law. Any such designation made by the client shall be of an arbitrator who practices in the same area of law as was involved in the matter for which the attorney was retained by the client. Any such request made pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6200, subdivision (e) must be submitted by the client at the time the written "Request for Arbitration" on the approved program form is submitted to the program.

20.3 Any vacancy of an arbitrator, by way of disqualification or inability to serve, may be filled by the program, but in no event shall the arbitration proceed with only two arbitrators.

#### **RULE 21.0 Notice Of Appointment Of Panel**

A notice identifying the arbitrator(s) who will hear the dispute shall be served on the parties within 60 days of the date on which the reply to the arbitration request is received, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible. If no reply is received, the notice of appointment of panel will be served within 60 days of the date on which the time to file the response expired, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible.

#### **RULE 22.0 Challenge Disqualification Of Arbitrator(s)**

Each party may disqualify one arbitrator without cause and shall have unlimited challenges for cause. Any disqualification without cause of an arbitrator shall be ineffective unless made in writing and served on the



program within 15 days of the service of a notice of assignment of panel or substitute arbitrator(s) if there is a disqualification or successful challenge. An arbitrator who believes that he or she cannot render a fair and impartial decision or who believes that there is an appearance that he or she cannot render a fair and impartial decision, shall disqualify themselves or shall accede to a party's challenge for cause. If an arbitrator does not agree to be disqualified, the challenge shall be decided by the President.

#### **RULE 23.0 Discharge Of Arbitrator Or Panel**

The President shall have the authority to discharge an arbitrator or panel of arbitrators from further proceedings on a matter whenever the President, in his or her sole discretion, determines that there has been an unreasonable delay in performing duties under these rules or for other good cause shown.

#### **RULE 24.0 Prohibited Contacts With Arbitrators**

A party or an attorney or representative acting for a party shall not directly or indirectly communicate with an arbitrator regarding a matter pending before such arbitrator, except:

- a) At scheduled hearings;
- b) In writing with a copy to all other parties, or their respective counsel, if any, and the program;
- c) To schedule a hearing date or other administrative procedures with notice of same to the other parties;
- d) To obtain the issuance of a subpoena as set forth in these rules; or
- e) In an emergency.

### **ARTICLE VI THE HEARING**

#### **RULE 25.0 Confidentiality**

- 25.1 All hearings shall be closed to the public. However, in the discretion of the hearing panel and in the absence of any objections by the parties, witnesses may be present during the hearing.
- 25.2 The hearing panel, upon request of the client, shall permit the client to be accompanied by another person and may also permit additional persons to attend. Any such person shall be subject to the confidentiality of the arbitration proceedings.
- 25.3 The arbitration award is public; the arbitration case file, including the request, reply, exhibits and transcripts, remains confidential.

#### **RULE 26.0 Waiver Of Personal Appearance**

- 26.1.1 Upon advance approval of the Panel Chair, any party may waive personal appearance and submit to the hearing panel testimony and exhibits by written declaration under penalty of perjury.
- 26.2 Any party may designate a lawyer or non-lawyer representative.
- 26.3 Any party unable to attend a hearing may request to appear by telephone, subject to the advance approval of the Panel Chair.

- 26.4 A request for waiver of appearance or designation of a representative and the submission of testimony by written declaration or request for telephonic appearance pursuant to this rule shall be filed with the Panel Chair and served on all parties at least 10 days prior to the hearing.
- 26.5 In the event of death or incompetence of a party, the personal representative of the deceased party or the guardian or conservator of the incompetent may be substituted.

#### **RULE 27.0 Subpoenas**

In this rule, "subpoena" includes a subpoena duces tecum. A party seeking to have a subpoena issued shall submit a completed but unsigned Judicial Council subpoena form to the Committee Chair, or Panel Chair if one has been appointed, with proof of service on all parties. Upon showing of good cause, the Committee Chair or Panel Chair may issue a subpoena requested by a party. In the event the Committee Chair or Panel Chair approves the issuance of a subpoena, the Committee Chair or Panel Chair shall sign the submitted subpoena and provide any executed subpoena to the requesting party, who shall be responsible for service of the subpoena. The party requesting a subpoena will be responsible for any witness fees and any costs of service of the subpoena. No subpoena may be served on any party or third party unless it has been approved and signed by the Committee Chair or Panel Chair pursuant to this rule.

#### **RULE 28.0 Commencement of Hearing; Notice; Attendance**

- 28.1 The hearing shall commence within 45 days for a single arbitrator or 90 days for a three-member panel after the date of service of the "Notice of Assignment of Panel." A disqualification or allowed challenge of an assigned arbitrator will result in a 15- day extension from the date of the assignment of replacement member(s). Upon stipulation or application to the Panel Chair, the matter may be continued for good cause shown except in the instance where the continuance is for 30 days or more, in which case the continuance must be approved by the President.
- 28.2 The panel shall serve written notice of hearing on each party at the address in the "Notice of Assignment of Panel" and the program within 15 days of its assignment and at least 15 days prior to the hearing date. Appearance by a party at a scheduled hearing shall constitute waiver by said party of any deficiency with respect to the giving of "Notice of Hearing." Notwithstanding the failure of either party to attend, the hearing shall proceed as scheduled and a decision made on the basis of evidence submitted.
- 28.3 An award shall not be made against a party solely because of the party's absence. An award may be made in favor of a party who is absent if the evidence so warrants.
- 28.4 If one of the panel members fails to appear, upon written stipulation of the parties, the hearing may proceed with either of the attorney arbitrators acting as the sole arbitrator. Under no circumstances will the hearing proceed with two arbitrators or with one lay arbitrator.
- 28.5 If all parties so stipulate, the sole arbitrator or Hearing Panel shall decide all matters without a hearing based upon the Petition, Reply and any other written materials provided by the parties. All such written materials shall be filed with the hearing panel and served on all other parties.

#### **RULE 29.0 Stipulations Encouraged**

Agreements between the parties as to issues not in dispute and the voluntary exchange of documents prior to the hearing is encouraged.

#### **RULE 30.0 Oaths**

All testimony may be given under oath or affirmation administered by the sole arbitrator or Panel Chair.

#### **RULE 31.0 Evidence**

Any relevant evidence shall be admitted if it is the sort of evidence upon which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs, regardless of the existence of any common law or statutory rule to the contrary.

#### **RULE 32.0 Clarification Of Issues And Exchange Of Documents**

The Panel Chair may require that the parties clarify the issues, submit additional documentation, and exchange documents in advance of the hearing. The Hearing Panel may, in its discretion, decline to admit into evidence documents that were required to be exchanged in advance but were not.

#### **RULE 33.0 Interpreter**

Any party may provide and pay for the attendance of a person to interpret at that party's expense.

#### **RULE 34.0 Transcripts or Recordings**

No stenographic audio or video recording is permissible.

#### **RULE 35.0 Compensation of Arbitrators; Administrative Charges**

- 35.1 No arbitrator shall be entitled to compensation for services unless the hearings extend beyond four hours. Unless waived in writing, each arbitrator will be compensated at the rate of \$150 for each additional hour after a four hour hearing. The compensation shall be paid equally by each party to the program for each day of hearing on which compensation is payable. No compensation will be paid to arbitrators for services other than during formal hearing sessions extending beyond four hours. Any disputes concerning compensation of the arbitrators will be determined by the President, and its determination shall be binding on the parties, including the arbitrators.
- 34.2 Except for the prescribed filing fees, no charges will be made by the program, nor by any arbitrator, for administrative or clerical services. A hearing room will be provided by an arbitrator or by the program without charge to the parties.
- 34.3 All parties will bear their own costs, including the costs of interpreters and expert witnesses.

### **ARTICLE VII AWARD**

#### **RULE 36.0 Award**

- 36.1 The award shall be submitted to the Program within 15 days of the close of the hearing. The Program shall serve on the parties forthwith.
- 36.2 The award shall be in writing. The award shall indicate whether it is binding or non-binding. It shall include a determination of all questions submitted to the panel, the decision of which is necessary in order to determine the controversy, including the name of the responsible attorney(s). Arbitrators

are encouraged, where appropriate, to include findings of fact. If a party failed to appear for non-binding arbitration, the award should also include the circumstances bearing on the willfulness of any party's nonappearance at the hearing.

- 36.3 The award may include a refund of unearned fees, costs, or both previously paid to the attorney.
- 36.4 Whenever there are three arbitrators, a majority vote shall be sufficient for all decisions of the arbitrators, including the award. Any dissent from the award shall be served with the award.
- 36.5 The award shall be signed by all arbitrators concurring with it.
- 36.6 The award shall include substantially the following language, as appropriate:

The arbitrators find that the total  
amount of fees and/or costs which should  
have been charged in this matter are:

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

Of which the client is found to have paid:

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

In addition, the fee arbitration filing  
fee shall be allocated:

Client: \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Attorney: \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Net amount: \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Accordingly, the following award is made:

- OR
- (a) Client \_\_\_\_\_, shall pay to Attorney \_\_\_\_\_, \$ \_\_\_\_\_.
- (b) Attorney \_\_\_\_\_, shall pay to Client \_\_\_\_\_, \$ \_\_\_\_\_.

- 35.7 The award may include an allocation of the filing fee; however, it shall not include an award for any other costs of the arbitration, including attorneys' fees resulting from the arbitration proceeding notwithstanding any contract between the parties providing for such an award of costs or attorney's fees.

#### **RULE 37.0. Correction Of Award By Hearing Panel**

- 37.1 The Hearing Panel may correct a binding or non-binding award only on the grounds set forth in Code of Civil Procedure section 1286.6, subdivision (a) [evident miscalculation of figures or evident mistake in the description of a person, thing or property referred to in the award] and subdivision(c) [the award is imperfect in a matter of form, not affecting the merits of the controversy] under the procedures set forth in Code of Civil Procedure section 1284. An application for such a correction does not extend the deadline for seeking a civil trial after a non-binding award is rendered, and a non-binding award will automatically become binding 30 days after it is served on the parties.
- 37.2 A party requesting correction or amendment under this rule must file a request in writing to the Program and serve a copy on the other party within ten days after service of the award. Any party

to the arbitration may make a written objection to such request. Such request does not toll the time period for filing a civil action to challenge the award.

- 37.3 Any corrected or amended award will be served by the Program. The time for filing a petition to confirm, vacate or correct the award begins from the date of service of the amended or corrected award, the date of denial of the request for correction or amendment of the award, or the date that a request for correction or amendment of the award is deemed denied under Code of Civil Procedure 1284, whichever date is earlier.
- 37.4 The Hearing Panel shall either deny the application or correct the award in writing signed by the arbitrator(s) concurring therein. Any jurisdiction on the part of the Hearing Panel to amend or supplement an award expires upon entry of judgment.

## **ARTICLE VIII SERVICE; ADDRESS**

### **RULE 38.0     Service**

- 38.1 Unless otherwise specifically stated in these rules, service on the client shall be by personal delivery, by deposit in the United States mail, or by deposit in a business facility used for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1013(a), postage paid, addressed to the person on whom it is to be served, at his or her address as last given, on any document which has been filed in the arbitration. The client shall keep the program advised of his or her current address.
- 38.2 The service is complete at the time of deposit. The time for performing any act shall commence on the date service is complete and shall not be extended by reason of service by mail.
- 38.3 Where a facsimile or email transmission is used to communicate with the program or to file any document, it will not be considered received unless the program also receives within five days of the date of the transmission, the original of the faxed document.
- 38.4 In the event that the client fails to keep the program advised of his or her current address, the program may close the arbitration request, if it is made by the client, after 30 days from the date that the program learns of the invalid address.